



IJEAST

INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL
OF ENGINEERING APPLIED SCIENCE
AND TECHNOLOGY



VOLUME : 9 ISSUE : 05 Print / Issue Publication Date: 08-Dec-2024



ISSN : 2455-2143



DOI : 10.33564/IJEAST.2024.v09i05.016

Indexed In



WWW.IJEAST.COM

editor@ijeast.com



SIGN OBSERVATION AND UNDERSTANDING LANGUAGE (SOUL)

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Abstract— In this project, a real-time website is being developed to recognize sign language gestures and give responses as output hand gestures or 3d avatar videos which are pre-recorded. A project that will aim to ease communication between sign language users and non-sign language users, thanks to the usage of Convents with pre-trained models/apes/datasets. Currently system performs gesture recognition using tools like Media Pipe or Tensor Flow. It includes built-in messaging with js and uses pre-recorded videos or 3D avatars to deliver messages. Moreover, one can embed cloud-based speech to text API that translates spoken language into sign language.

Keywords— Convolutional Neural Networks(CNN), Long- short Term Memory(LSTM), Media pipe, Tensor flow, Computer Vision, Gesture, Image Processing, Speech-to- Text Processing etc.

I. INTRODUCTION

Language is a system of symbols, which enables us to convey ideas and emotions. The importance of visual communication, in particular sign language, has led to an increased focus on signed languages in the field. Sign Language: A language that speaks through hand motions as well facial expressions, gives unique inferences on cognitive processes entailed while gaining the understanding of a spoken or written language. In doing so, this project explores how visual cues inform the construction and perception of linguistic meaning through a focus on sign observation.

Using the analysis of several sign languages and studying which cognitive mechanisms are involved in their use, we hope to discover basic principles that underlie first (and later) language acquisition — although this may be uncomfortable for many hearing people. These results have important consequences for the diversity of human communication, educational practice and in developing inclusive tools that allow individuals who are deaf or hard-of-hearing to participate on an equal footing with hearing people.

Sign language is one of the main means of communication among millions of deaf and hard-of-hearing people worldwide. Establishing a line of communication is difficult

when sign language users and non-signers cannot understand one another. The project plans to fill that middle ground with a real-time translation where gestures on the sign language are translated into texts or speech and at times it will convert spoken/written languages into animations/video in which the speaker/registrar interacts through his own context. Thanks to this, you can take advantage of the pre-trained gesture recognition models (Media Pipe) and APIs for generating sign language sentences in a simple way while guaranteeing good performance. In educational purposes, public services and everyday communications making it more inclusive facilitating access.

II. MOTIVATION

Studying sign language provides fascinating insights into human communication and the cognitive processes entailed in understanding of and acquisition, respectively. If we study more generally how visual cues are employed to transmit meaning, then this can inform us about some of the universal principles governing language development and use.

In addition, because observing signs is related with linguistic skills such knowledge could have educational implications (e+.g., language ete aching), communication and social inclusion.

Sign language is essential for Deaf and Hard of Hearing folks. Understanding the cognitive processes necessary for sign language learning and use can inform more effective educational programs, support services etc.

Moreover, the study of sign language has potential to enhance our knowledge about human communication in general, its diversity and how culture as well as context condition linguistic behavior. By understanding the ways signing is a language and what separates it from spoken forms of human communication, we can begin to gain an appreciation for how complex all human languages are.

III. OBJECTIVE

The idea of the project is to develop a wepsite which can understand Sign Languages Gestures in real models (e.g., MediaPipe, TensorFlow.js).

Allow the app to take sign language responses in prerecorded comments recorded images of signing 3D



avatars (e.g., Sign All Avatar, ASL Lexicon Dataset) videos
 Voice input can optionally be even further in integration
 with speech-to-text • sometimes it is recommended.
 Translated into the sign_MAXIMUM
 Kana_HIGH_LANGUAGE
 Should be Mobile/Web friendly website running smoothly
 platforms.
 Promoting inclusive and accessibility through bridging
 communication divide among non-signers, or both sign
 language users and non-users.

IV. LITERATURE SURVEY

Literature survey is an expanse examination of studies' and

published researches related to any topic or area. This
 process, known as scoping review is the systematic analysis
 of all existing research that relates to a novel view question;
 it explores studies what have been and there
 trends/methodologies/findings/gaps in knowledge can be
 used effectively for any new project or further augmentation
 steps. The main goal of a literature survey is to build the
 background by studying what has already been done in that
 area, how current problems have been solved and where
 improvements can still happen. This assists scholars in
 avoiding duplications, sharpening their problem statements
 and promoting or improving a methodology they already use
 to be more effective with your work.

Sr. No	Title	Author	Abstract
1.	MediaPipe Hands: Real-Time Hand and Finger Detections	Google Research	Media Pipe Hands provides real-time hand and finger detection for gesture recognition. The model uses a machine learning pipeline to detect 213D landmarks on each hand.
2.	TensorFlow.js Hand pose: Real Time Hand Key point Detection	TensorFlow.js Team	TensorFlow.js Handpose is a JavaScript-based model that can detect 21 hand key points in real-time, using any web browser
3.	Sign All: Automated American Sign Language Recognition	Sign All Corporation	Sign Allisan end-to-end automated system designed for recognizing American Sign Language (ASL) in real-time. It leverages advanced computer vision techniques and machine learning algorithms to track hand, face, and body movements
4.	Deep Sign: A Neural Network- Based Sign Language API	Deep Sign Inc.	Deep Sign is an API designed to interpret sign language gestures using deep learning techniques.

V. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

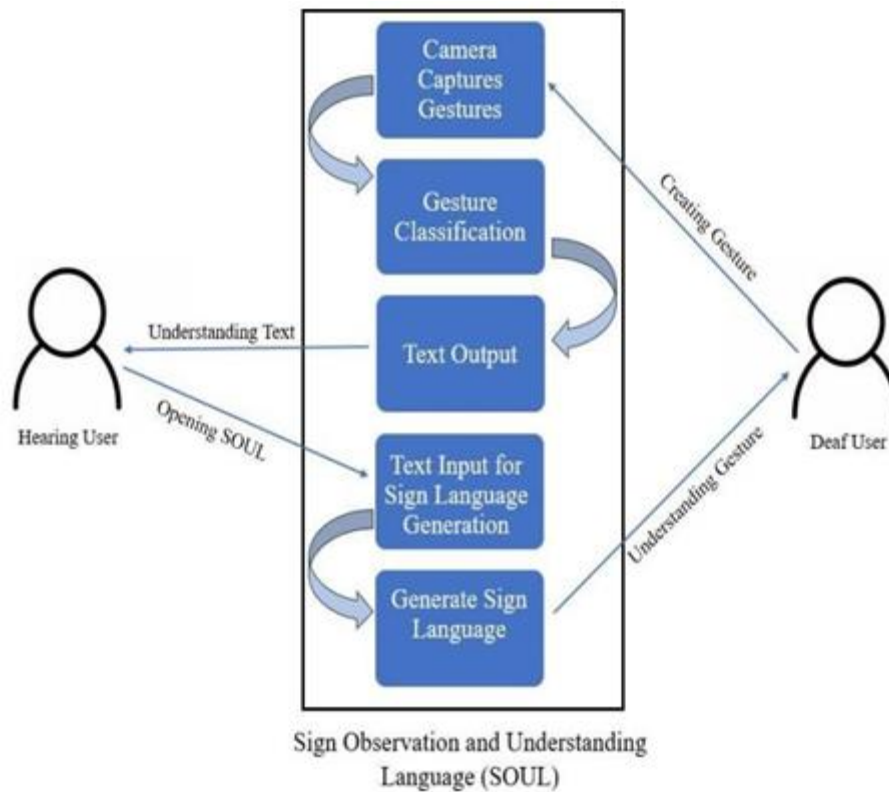


Fig1: System Architecture

VI.METHODOLOGY

The methodology for this project focuses on facilitating seamless communication between a deaf person using sign language and a hearing person using text or speech. First, a camera on the hearing person's device captures the sign language gestures from the deaf individual. These gestures are processed using a gesture recognition system, such as Media Pipe or TensorFlow.js, which identifies the specific signs and converts them into readable text or synthesized speech for the hearing person. This allows the hearing person to understand the content of the signed message accurately and in real time.

When the hearing person responds using text or speech, the system handles the input accordingly. For speech, a speech-to-text API transcribes the audio into text. Once the text is received, a sign language generation system—such as an avatar or a database of pre-recorded sign videos—converts the text into corresponding sign language gestures. These sign language gestures are then displayed as a video clip or an animation, allowing the deaf person to receive the message visually. This two-way communication system ensures both parties can communicate effectively, with one side relying on gestures and the other on text or speech.

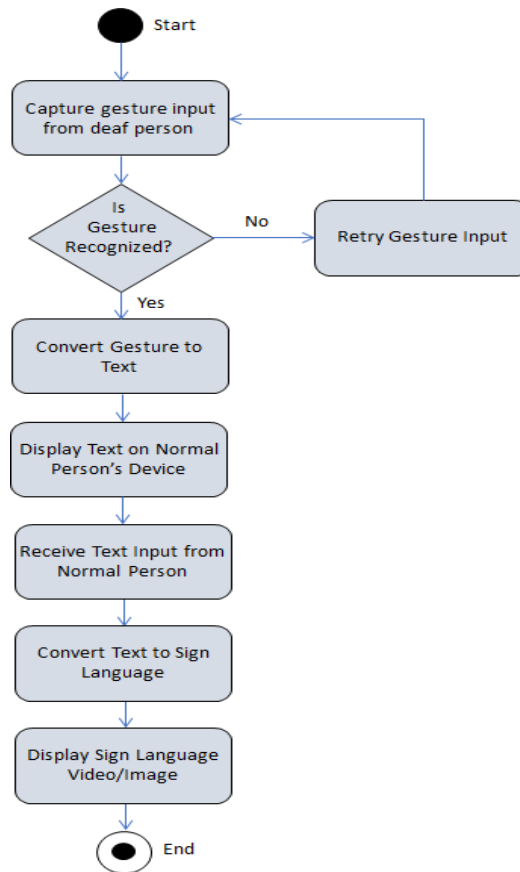


Fig: 2 Activity Diagram

VII.CONCLUSION

A straight-forward method for the implementation of real-time sign language recognition and responses website, this abstract reduces complexity by using pre-trained models APIs and publicly available datasets. Through the use of Media Pipe or Tensor Flow. With Tensor Flow and Universal Sentence Encoder js for hand gesture it can recognize sign language detection without a custom model. Services such as Sign All Avatar are employed on the generation side, with associated pre-recorded datasets for video (from text input) in sign language coming from this data to convert into and out of a recognition-formative mode. The system is meant to run using the mobile and web environments hence can be widely used in contexts such as education, customer service or social events. The integration of speech-to-text APIs further broadens its use cases by allowing voice input to be translated into sign language. The system is designed to be efficient, cost- effective, and accessible, contributing to inclusive communication technologies.

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2455-2143