International Journal of Engineering Applied Sciences and Technology, 2018 Vol. 2, Issue 12, ISSN No. 2455-2143, Pages 24-27 Published Online April 2018 in IJEAST (http://www.ijeast.com)



# TRAFFIC LIGHT CONTROL SYSTEM FOR EMERGENCY VEHICLES

Nalina V Department of ISE BMS College of Engineering Bangalore, India Dr P Jayarekha Department of ISE BMS College of Engineering Bangalore, India

Abstract— The project is designed to widen the green time and also put a robust auto traffic signal control system in place for safe and efficient navigation. Traffic congestion is one of the major problems for commuters across the world. The consequences of traffic congestion include longer travel time, increased queue lanes, traffic jams and road rage. Appropriate and accurate signalling system that calculates the traffic density and number of vehicles at either junction on the roads through automatically regulated traffic signs is the need of the hour. The proposed system ensures to reduce the prospects of causing traffic jams by a competent traffic light system, thus allowing the route with higher density of conveyances thatin turn gives the authorization to the emergency conveyance to move ahead. The proposed methodology of abstains from quandaries traffic control that conventionally appear with existing common traffic control solutions, particularly those cognate for the image processing technique and also beam interruptions technique. This Radio Frequency identification (RFID) approach deals with multiple circumstances. It provides a highly effective time management pattern, wherein a realtime time schedule will turn out in authentic time for the passage of every traffic column. The authentic time operation of the Traffic management system imitates the decision of a real traffic policeman on obligation.

Keywords—Traffic signal Controller, RFID sensor, Transportation, Traffic jams, Auto traffic signal control system

## I. INTRODUCTION

The rapid increase invehiclesmovementon the road day by day, activity clog and delays in transporting on urban arterial roads are expanding around the world. In this way it is for all intents and purposes critical to create, check and approve straightforward yet effective models that offer assistance in planning and enhancing the security and productivity of vehicle transportation. It is a critical concern to control movement of lights in the road–vehicle frameworks. The primary reason is that movement signs are utilized to oversee clashing prerequisites for the utilization of street space – frequently at street intersections – by distributing the right half of an approach to diverse arrangements of commonly good activity developments amid unmistakable time interims. The movement light control frameworks direct, caution and guide transportation with the end goal of enhancing the wellbeing and productivity of pedestriansand vehicles. There are numerous written works to create different procedures and they are characterized into two classes: settled time procedures and activity reaction methodologies. Nowadays, greater parts of the industrialized nations are utilizing settled time systems for urban activity control. Moreover, the point of activity sign control can be isolated into two classes: figuring out which flag sign grouping advances the framework execution and discovering how to execute the sign control rationale. This paper brings together on the second class with a movement sign timing plan that is forward.

The proposed RFID movement control maintains a strategic distance from issues that as a rule emerge with standard activity control frameworks, particularly those identified with picture preparing and shaft interference systems. This RFID system manages a multivehicle, multilane, multi street intersection range. It gives a proficient time administration plan, wherein a dynamic time calendar is working progressively for the section of every movement segment. The continuous operation of the frameworkcopies the judgment of an activetraffic policeman. The quantity of vehicles in every segment and the steering are decencies, upon whatever the figures and the judgments are positioned.

Signals require a perfect synchronization and control to ascertain the continuous and safest flood of the vehicular traffic. Additionally, there is a risk for the emergency conveyances to get stuck in the traffic. Consequently, there is a desideratum for the real-time management of the traffic during the peak hours. Hence, the need for perspicacious traffic signal controller is discussed further in this study.

The main objectives of this work are:

- To design a dedicated intellective auto traffic signal control system.
- It reduces the waiting time of emergency vehicles at traffic signals.
- Automatic traffic signal controlling in response to the arrival of the emergency vehicles.



- Implement traffic control system in 4 lane junction.
- Low cost implementation with RFID sensors.
- Create database to store the data and manage.

### II. LITERATURE SURVEY

Satya Priya Biswas et al.[1] has proposed a system thatimprove the traffic control system. It focuses on computing measurement of conveyance in transit for free flow of vehicles without obstruction and to provide precedence based signalling system which gives more priority to vehicles (2015).

M.Vemuri et al.[2] has developed a hybrid model in which fixed priority (FP) and earliest deadline first (EDF) algorithms to deal with specific traffic scenarios to provide a more effective solutions (2014).

G.Sahail et al.[3] has proposed on enhancing the judgement of channel optiontechnique for vehicles based on the information transfer productivity and reliability and an optimized algorithm has been proposed as a principle to allocate the next available channel based on priority data (2008).

Baradwaj et al.[4] has proposed an enhanced traffic control system by providing dynamic limits for time at traffic signal intersection. They use sensors to locate the traffic situations to control the traffic dynamically (2013).

Yuma Monoi et al.[5] has proposed a technique of minimizing the time required for urgency vehicles to proceed to their designated locations by authorizing such vehicles to travel in transit with a high priority and simulation system evaluates the proposed system by taking the average time of travel (2015).

Naseer et al.[6] proposes a system which will provide easy travel for the emergency vehicles like ambulances to their destinations by reducing the time delay caused due to traffic jams. The emergency traffic light control system works by controlling the traffic lights to allow emergency vehicles, stopping and conflicting vehicles with less response time (2015).

Jaiswal et al.[7] has proposed to improve the traffic control system by focusing on ambulance, vehicles priority and density of traffic. This will increase the green light duration for the lane which is having high density of traffic and lending free path to the emergency vehicles (2013).

Suresh Sharma et al.[8] have described a self-established traffic control system which remedies to simplify emergency response action. In the proposed vtl-pic scheme vehicles clear the traffic conflicts at crossway by themselves and provide a priority based scheme that can order emergency vehicles at crossways (2013).

Hussain et al.[9] has described an approach which works on the basis of microcontroller installed at each signal junction that obtains data from the sensor installed beside the road side to determine the density of traffic. The microcontroller employs the optimized algorithm to accomplish the traffic control in effective manner (2013). Dakhole et al.[10] proposed traffic control system using ARM7 for several traffic lightswhich controls and monitors traffic jams and also it reduces the possibility of traffic jams caused by traffic lights. The Processing is done using ATmega16 and ARM7 (2014).

# III. PROPOSED SYSTEM

The proposed enhancement endeavours to reduce the probability of traffic jams which are due to traffic lights, to a certain extent by allowing the roads for conveyances having higher density and withal providing the road clearance for the emergency conveyance. The proposed system for traffic control eschews quandaries that conventionally occur as a result of standard traffic monitoring system. The RFID method deals with a multiple circumstances. It provides a highly effective time management solution, in which a real-time schedule is worked out in authentic time for moving forward of each traffic column. The authentic time operation of the Traffic management system imitates the result of a real traffic policeman on obligation.

• Use of Single Powerful Sensor with Active RFIDs (Cost Efficient): 4 sensors in each respective signal it would be expensive because to increase the power of the sensor to detect the presence of the vehicle even from a quite farther distance. To reduce this expense it is implemented with a single powerful sensor which is intelligent enough to detect from which direction the emergency vehicle is approaching and act accordingly.

Even the actively tagged emergency vehicle appends the appropriate lane number to the tag code in real time.

• Use of Information at traffic signals and find shortest route over time: As time passes the data collected at each traffic signal is stored in a central shared database which is incorporated with an algorithm to find the shortest path based on the previously collected data Because the locations of each signal would be known to the database and it maps the shortest routes accordingly and this is intimated to the emergency vehicle drivers.

• And developed a Database for further analysis and data storage.

- HI Tagget Inside.
- B. System Architecture

# International Journal of Engineering Applied Sciences and Technology, 2018 Vol. 2, Issue 12, ISSN No. 2455-2143, Pages 24-27 Published Online April 2018 in IJEAST (http://www.ijeast.com)



Fig 1.System Architecture

The figure1 shows how the RFID tagged vehicles emit radio frequencies which are captured by RFID sensors installed in the traffic signal. This RFID sensor communicates with microcontroller and communicates the appropriate decision the traffic signal which changes to green.

# C. Hardware and Software Requirements

Arduino Uno, a controller. RFID (Radio-frequency identification) sensor. Circuitry board with LED and connectors RFID tags for reporting sensor data. Aurdino Uno software interface Mysql

## D. Implementation



Fig.2. Snapshot of the circuitry

The figure2 shows the implementation circuitry connections of hardware and it its connectivity. It is tested with the hardware devices with demonstration results. Figure 3 shows the software Aurdino Uno interface with algorithm and its implementation. The proposed system endeavours to reduce the occurrences of traffic jams, due to the traffic lights by allowing the road with higher density of conveyances and withal provides the clearance for the emergency conveyance

that well a by an entitote to prote the mena time the period part	COM8
the felt	The second se
140 0-02	1.0
that corllin"03911427": //waterlance	Fran Henter
that cat211e*00916512*1 //Thre endore	AMELTY BIOTY
and anoth stressed a second subset	FTAN FIRTTAN
//initialize port nos	AMBITT AND T
int redi = 52	FIRE ENGLISH
inn ywllowl = 4:	AMEULANCE
int greeni + 3;	FIRE ENGLISE
int med2 = 6:	AMBULANCE
int yellow2 = 7;	FIRE ENGINE
Lat green2 = 67	AMBOLASCE
	FIRE ENGINE
	AMBULANCE
rezd metap() (	FIRE EDGINE
Serial.hegin(9600); // moment to the errial park	AMEGLASCE
//defining to metput ands	FIRE ENGLISH
pinMode(ced1, GUTPUT))	ANBULANCE
Drugnup (Awrrowt 'online) t	FIRE ENGLISE
pardiante (greens), correct) 1	AMBULANCE
penhode (redz, ourpur) r	FIRE ENGINE
hingrate (Astrons' online) :	MOUTABLE
Trugenie (Breeze', on halt) 1	LINE ENGINE
1	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
and a large at a	Autoecroit
AND THE TANK I T	220 A 10 A 10

Fig. 3. Snapshot of the Arduino interface

#### IV. CONCLUSION

The proposed solution as an intellective auto traffic control solution that makes easy for emergency response operations (that is facilitatingquicker movement of emergency vehicles through traffic in urban areas). In the proposed solution the vehicles can resolve the emerging conflicts at road junctions by themselves and implement a priority based solution that can prioritize emergency vehicles at road junctions.Our approach to the solution is based on a RFID tagging of traffic signals to communicate their information to the car.The proposed system showcases promising results as the active RFID technology enables to detect the existence and distinction of the traffic signals reliably and adequately in advance. It helps to facilitate emergency response operations. This is done with the help of RFID tagging.

#### V. REFERENCES

- [1] Satya Priya Biswas, Paromita Roy, Niredita Patra, Amastya Mukherjee, Nilanjan Dey. 2015 "Intelligent Traffic Monitoring System". International Conference on Computer and Communication Technologies.pp.535-545.
- [2] Maruthi Vemuri, Uttam Mande. 2014 "An effective hybrid model for expert traffic control system". IEEE International Conference on Computational Intelligence and Communication Networks. pp.1145-114.
- [3] Gazal Sahai, Ana Goulast, Wei Zhan, Robert Arnold. 2008. "Optical Selection of Wireless Channels for Real-Time Communication in Ambulances" International Conference on Radio and Wireless Symposium, pp. 85-88.
- [4] Bharadwaj. R,Deepak .J,Baranitharan, M.V.Vaidehi. ,2013 "Efficient Dynamic Traffic Control



System using Wireless Sensor Networks". International Conference on Recent Trends in Information Technology. pp.668-673.

- [5] Yuma Moroi, Kazumara Takami. 2015 "A method of Securing Priority-use Router for Emerging Vehicles using Inter-Vehicle and Vehicle-Road Communication". International Conference on New Technologies, Mobility and Security, pp.1-5.
- [6] Nasser Al-Ostath, Zainab Al-roudhan, Fatma Selityn, Mohammed El-Abd.2015 "Implementation of an Emergency Vehicle to Traffic Lights Communication System". International Conference on New Technologies, Mobility and Security.
- [7] Jaiswal, S., Agarwal, T., Singh, A., Lakshita. 2013
  "Intelligent traffic control unit". International Journal of Electr.Electron. (ISSN NO. (Online): 27-2626 and Computer Engineering 2(2), pp.6–72.
- [8] SureshSharma,AlokPithora,Gaurav,MohitGoel,MohitSin ha.2013 "Traffic Light Priority Control for Emergency Vehicle using RFID". International Journal of Innovations in Engineering and Technology. vol 2 Issue 2, pp. 363-366.
- [9] Hussian, R., Sharma, S., Sharma, V., Sharma, S.2013" WSN applications: Automated intelligenttraffic control system using sensors". International Journal of Soft Computing Engineering. 3(3),pp. 77–81.
- [10] Dakhole, A.Y., Moon, M.P.2014 "Design of intelligent traffic control system based on ARM". VLSI Signal Proc. 4(4), pp.37–40.